

The Washington Bee.

Congress Library

Terms, \$1.50 Per year in Advance.

VOL. XI

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1893.

1893.

5 cents per copy.

No. 39

ROYAL SEWING MACHINE

WARRANTED 5 YEARS



Has a Large High Arm.
Has a Self-Setting Needle.
Has a Self-Feeding Shuttle.
Has No Equal in Construction.
Has a Mechanical Appearance.
Has an Elegant Finish.
Has a Perfect Adjustment.
Has a Positive Take-up.
Has Stylish Furniture.
Has More Good Sewing Qualities and does a Larger Range of General Work than any Sewing Machine in the World.

Examine THE ROYAL for points of excellence, and you will buy no other.

ROYAL S. M. CO., Rockford, Ill.

Where to carry your orders

D. FREEMAN'S Studio.

1159 17th St., N. W., Cor. 17th & M

FINE PORTRAITS in Ovary, Oil and Water, enlarged to any size from Card and Tintype. True Likeness Guaranteed. Month and Weekly Payments Taken. GREATEST REDUCTION FOR CASH.

Lesson given: Flower, Landscape, Portrait, etc. Children's class every Saturday, 10 to 12 o'clock. 25 cents per lesson.

Banner and Sign Painting of ever description. Orders promptly attended to.

A. O. Hutterly,

(Oppo. new city postoffice.)

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler.

Manufacturer of Society Badges, Medals and Jewels of Gold and Silver.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Fine and Complicated Watch and Music Box Repairing a Specialty.

All Work Warranted.

No. 632 G St., N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
With Wm. F. LUTZ.

Pensions

The Disability Bill is a Law.

SOLDIERS DISABLED SINCE THE WAR ARE ENTITLED.

Dependent widows and parents now dependent whose sons died from effects of army service are included. If you wish your claims promptly and successfully prosecuted, address

JAMES TANNER,
Late Commissioner of Pensions,
Washington, D. C.

J. H. Dabney

UNDERTAKER & CABINET MAKER.

Office 441 L Street N. W.
CARRIAGES FOR HIRE.
Telephone 845

Sept 11

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Every patent taken out by us is brought before a Justice of the Peace given free of charge in the United States.

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Published weekly. Price, 5 cents. A year, \$3.00. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York City.



Small text block with a portrait and some illegible text.

ESTABLISHED 1866.
BURNSTINE'S LOAN OFFICE.
361 Pennsylvania Avenue.
Gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, pistols, guns, mechanical tools, ladies' and gentlemen's wearing apparel.
Old gold and silver bought.
Unredeemed pledges for sale.

THE WAY THE WIND IS BLOWING.

Mathews of Albany will be nominated to an important position.

Thompson of New York wants the Freedman's Hospital. In that event, Dr. Frances will succeed Dr. Shad.

The Recordership will go East or West. It is a question the President will decide.

The Liberian mission will go South.

The Sando-Mingo mission will go East.

These appointments will be taken up next week.

Grimkie of Boston, Mass., will be vindicated shortly.

T. McComb Stewart of New York will get a plum.

Mathews of Albany is regarded by Mr. Cleveland as man of sound convictions. Democratic inclined.

Republicans who imbibed the democratic doctrine after the election will be placed on the probationary roll.

The democratic party will look after them when it is certain that they mean all they say.

THEY SAY.

Treachery can never succeed.

Colored republicans who have turned for office will get left.

Fraudulent political parties can not win.

The BEE is here to stay, notwithstanding the assertion of a weekly contemporary that it has the largest circulation and is the oldest in the City.

The Pilots assertion that it is 14 years old is monumental cheek.

The paper is four years old and no more.

Look out for our new dress.

The BEE is the peoples paper.

When you see it in the BEE you can say it is so.

The colored editor of Virginia have organized a press association.

Send in your names for the BEE.

Do you want a live paper, if so send for the BEE.

Emancipation day parades ought to be abolished.

If the white people would cease subscribing to parades there would be none.

The best evidence that the colored people are opposed to parades is, that they refuse to subscribe.

Do you want wedding invitations if so, call at this office.

Some colored nominations will go in shortly.

The boys are getting worried.

It is remarked that it is a long time between drunks.

If they were a little colored, the situation would present another aspect.

Charles Stewart was vindicated.

Mr. Thompson might as well hang his harp upon a willow tree if he thinks that he will get the Freedman's Hospital.

The institution never was better conducted.

It is a district office, hence it will be controlled by the District people.

Some people are too mean to live.

Do you want Job work done?

Do you want your institution to live?

Patronize them.

The race should be a unit.

THE SAN DOMINGO EPISODE.

Private Advices State that Heureaux had No Part in the Seizure of a Bank.

H. C. C. Astwood, of this city, ex-consul to San Domingo, states yesterday that the published reports of the alleged seizure of French bank by President Heureaux were highly colored and evidently emanated from sources hostile to the present ruler of San Domingo.

Mr. Astwood's family is in San Domingo, and by means of correspondence through his and other connections he is kept advised all that transpires in San Domingo. Thus he has received a true version of the French bank episode first reports of which President Heureaux in the light of a looter and robber.

"The difficulty between the colored President and the French bank," said Mr. Astwood, has been grossly exaggerated and misrepresented. Gen. Heureaux has in no way outraged the bank, forced its vaults, or taken forcibly any of its funds. The history of the transaction is as follows: The President made a personal transaction with the bank for a large sum of money for which the bank gave the President partial promissory notes. When the first note became due it was paid by the bank.

"The President being in need of ready money, negotiated the remaining notes, amounting to \$62,000 with the house of J. de Lemos, for which he received the cash. When the second note became due de Lemos presented it at the bank and it was protested, upon the pretext that it was not transferable. The President met the de Lemos obligation and brought suit in the court of first instance against the bank for the recovery of the \$62,000. The court held that the notes were transferable and gave judgment in favor of the President. The bank appeals to the supreme court, sustained the judgment of the lower court and ordered the execution of the sentence.

REPUBLICANS WHO WANT SOMETHING

The Inaugural committee set fit to place a number of colored republicans on the several committees prior to the inauguration of Mr. Cleveland. These gentlemen took advantage of such recognition given them and have since filed their applications for positions under this administration.

The records show that the prominent of these republicans have applied for a position on the ground that they are democrats and have asked the endorsement of other colored men who were out in the last campaign in the interest of the democratic party.

Mr. John A. Gray, who was one of the judges of elections in the 9th District last year for the republicans and who assisted the republicans to elect republican delegates to the last convention, has filed his application for a position under the district government and has been asking the endorsement of colored and white democrats.

Another, Mr. Smith Wormly, an applicant for a position under the last republican administration, the ground that he was a good republican. There are hundreds of just such individuals who name and records are well known to the BEE, have applied to different departments of the government under this administration, for positions.

Read the BEE next week.

HARRISON'S GRANDCHILD HURT

A Driver's Recklessness Injures Martha Harrison and Her Mother.

A driver's recklessness nearly ended the life of ex-President Harrison's daughter-in-law, Mrs. Russell B. Harrison, and his little grandchild, Martha, who have been stopping in New York, where the child was under medical treatment by electricity. The two were crossing Broadway, the child in a carriage, when a heavy express wagon dashed around the corner, and despite the driver's efforts to pull up, the pole of the wagon struck Mrs. Harrison violently and one of the horse's forefeet upset the carriage and sent Martha rolling out on the pavement. Neither were injured except by the shock, and Mrs. Harrison declined to prosecute the driver.

WILL NOT WELCOME JUDD.

Viennese Jew Haters Roused Against Cleveland's Appointment.

A Vienna dispatch says: The Anti-Semites and the Clericals are greatly agitated over the appointment by President Cleveland of Max Judd, of Missouri, as Consul General at Vienna, the opposition being based upon the ground that Judd is a Hebrew and therefore an undesirable person for the office. Petitions are being prepared addressed to the Emperor Francis Joseph and to the Austrian Foreign Office asking that the Imperial authorities refuse to accept Judd as American Consul General.

LARGEST MAN IN THE WORLD.

He is a South America Indian and He Will Call on Cleveland.

Eighteen Bolivian Indians, the first to visit the United States, arrived on the steamship Newport, from Colon, on their way to the World's Fair. One of them claims to be the largest man in the world. His name is Jose Santos Mamani, of La Paz, where he is known as the Great Bolivian Giant. He is 9 feet 10 inches high, 25 years old and weighs 418 pounds. The Indians will call on President Cleveland before they go to Chicago.

CARLISLE'S NEW PLAN.

He Proposes to Appoint His Employees Among the States Equitably.

Secretary Carlisle is having prepared a list of the employees of the Treasury Department. It will show the number of employees credited to each State, the aggregate salary people from the State receive and what by the law of apportionment the State should receive. The District of Columbia is credited with more than 1,000 out of 4,000, when its quota should only be 11. Secretary Carlisle intends to reduce the District's list.

Trial of Dr. Buchanan.

The trial of Dr. Robert Buchanan for poisoning his wife is in progress this week before Recorder Smyth, New York. The first witness was the minister who married Buchanan to Mrs. Sutherland. Richard W. Macomber, a crony of the defendant's, testified regarding the marriage and death of Mrs. Buchanan and the defendant's talk and actions. His testimony plainly narrated Buchanan's various admissions as to his efforts to get his wife's money, his answer to her, his repeated assertions that he would get rid of her, and his statement that if the remains were taken up she would be "found full of morphine."

"Jennie, the Hugger."

Saginaw, Michigan, is excited over the case of a woman who assaults, hugs and kisses young men. The woman is described as tall, her face fair and smooth, and yet she is apparently as strong as a man. She dresses neatly in black. She is known as "Jennie, the Hugger." The young men have not been driven to stay in nights on account of the assaults.

Privation in New York.

Some idea of the vast army of unemployed persons in New York may be gleaned from the fact that an advertisement for five waiters in a Brooklyn restaurant was responded to by over 500 applicants. The hungry horde blocked up the street, and the presence of a squad of police was necessary to maintain order.

Bullet-Proof Cloth.

The Austrian War Office has accepted the bullet-proof cloth invented by Herr Sylander, an engineer, resident in Paris. The cloth is a third of an inch thick, and is said to be much more pliable than that prepared by the tailor, Dowe, in Mannheim.

The Treasury Gaining Cash.

The public debt statement issued April 1st shows a gain of cash in the United States Treasury for March of \$1,500,000.

FOREIGN NEWS.

After a two months' session the Dominion Parliament has been prorogued.

Military authorities throughout Europe are much interested in the alleged invention of bullet-proof cloth.

A female baseball club, composed of American young women, was mobbed at Almendares, Cuba, several of them being injured.

A new French Cabinet has been formed with M. Melles at its head. The new cabinet is considered weak and certain to soon fall.

It is claimed that the Orange organizations in Ulster are arming and drilling.

THIS WEEK'S NEWS.

A Summary of Current Events—The World's Doings for the Past Six Days Gathered and Condensed for Our Readers.

General.

Bismarck was 78 years of age on April 1st.

The New York Sub Treasury has \$7,000,000 in free gold.

Maryland's peach crop is said to be all right unless there should come late frosts.

The Western New York and Pennsylvania railroad has passed into the hands of a receiver.

The great astronomical event of the month will be the eclipse of the sun on the 16th instant.

Nova Scotia's sugar combine is being hauled over the coals by a legislative committee.

Arthur Padelford and James Williams, well Baltimore club men, each ate 135 oysters on a wager.

Gold found by a Union Pacific fireman in sand on the locomotive revealed new ore beds in Oregon.

Despite a hard hunt by proxy-seekers, World's Fair stockholders will re elect the present directors.

Part of the \$10,000,000 fortune of a Scottish uncle may fall to James H. Ferguson of Millbury, Mass.

A band of Apaches have left the reservation fully armed, and are annoying whites in the neighborhood of Phoenix, Ari.

Governor Flower has ordered a test of the sanity of Murderer Michael T. Sliney, in Sing Sing, soon to be electrocuted.

The \$20,000 needed to pay a portion of the floating debt of the Brooklyn Talmage has been raised, and Dr. Talmage will remain.

Gunners near Paterson came upon the body of an unknown man in the woods. The body was in a kneeling posture and was frozen stiff.

Corbett, the pugilist, has signed an agreement to box Charley Mitchell at the Coney Island Athletic Club for a purse of \$40,000.

The Jones and Jackson factions, among the Choctaws in Indian Territory, engaged in a battle in which ten men were killed and fifteen wounded.

It has come to light that the late Col. Shepard, of New York, was unable to secure a life insurance several years ago owing to a suspicion of Bright's disease.

The warships of the United States navy are gathering at Hampton Roads for the great naval review. All arriving foreign warships will be saluted with 24 guns.

Mrs. Anderson, of Chicago, saw her husband and a young woman out driving. She pulled both from the carriage and gave them a severe thrashing with a rawhide.

A California sculptor has been awarded a contract by the Smith Family, of Virginia and Nebraska, to model a bronze group of the Captain John Smith-Pocahontas episode.

An exhausted carrier pigeon, with an aluminum band marked "N 7566" on one of its legs, fell dead at Norwich, Conn., and it is supposed to have come from the Naronic.

There is much discussion in Paris over the Ministerial crisis. The general opinion is that a dissolution of the Chamber of Deputies is inevitable. New men are wanted in the Cabinet.

The New York Times has been purchased by a syndicate for the sum of \$950,000. This price does not include the building. It is said the policy of the paper will not be changed.

President Cleveland has definitely decided to open the World's Fair on May 1st, and will send his acceptance to Chicago in a few days. It is not probable that Mrs. Cleveland will attend.

W. C. Rippey, the old man who shot John W. Mackay and then shot himself, has been indicted by the Grand Jury at San Francisco, for an assault to commit murder. His bail was fixed at \$5000.

A despatch has been received at Jackson, Mich., that the escaped murderer, Irving Latimer, had been captured at Jerome, Hillsdale County, and that he would be soon returned to the prison authorities.

Gov. Flower has commuted the sentence of Sliney, the murderer of Robert Lyons, a New York butcher, to imprisonment for life, on the report of a medical commission that the murderer is an imbecile.

Over 125 guests were in the Higgins House, Bradford, Pa., when it burned down on Sunday morning. Three bodies were found in the ruins, and some 25 persons were burned and injured, many very seriously. The loss was \$100,000.

Secretary Carlisle has appointed Dr. Joseph A. Senner, of New York, to be Commissioner of Emigration, vice John B. Weber, resigned. Dr. Senner is editor of the Staats Zeitung, New York, and was a prominent Cleveland Democrat.

Mrs. Josie Kramer, of Wheeling, W. Va., has brought suit for divorce, alleging infidelity and neglect. The case has created a social sensation on account of the standing of the parties. Professor Kramer is well known in Washington and in the South, having been for many years the musical conductor at White Sulphur Springs.

The general impression in Washington is that there will be an early session of the new Congress.

General Schofield announces the abandonment of the military encampment at the World's Fair.

The Texas House has passed a bill requiring the railroads to provide separate coaches for whites and negroes.

The Government awarded a contract of over \$2,000,000 worth of heavy armor plate to the Bethlehem Iron Works.

The wages of miners of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company for the month was fixed at \$2.58 1-5.

Representative Charles E. Hooker, of Mississippi, was seriously injured in Washington by being struck by a cable car, fracturing his skull.

Hugh O'Donnell, the labor leader, has been in the Schuylkill Valley for several days and will try, it is said, to strengthen the Amalgamated Association.

The municipal campaign in Columbus, O., has become very heated over the effort of the American Protective Association to keep all Catholics out of office.

A conspiracy to bring about a revolution were discovered in Costa Rica, and those taking part were arrested while raiding the Government military stores.

The Pope will not receive any royal personages of the Roman Catholic Church who visit King Humbert on the occasion of the silver anniversary of his marriage.

Abbe Buzzard, the notorious Lancaster County desperado, and James S. Dungan, formerly cashier of the Bank of America, were released from the Eastern Penitentiary, having been pardoned.

It is said the amount paid in dividends by the Carnegie Steel Company for 1892 was reduced from \$5,000,000, paid the previous year, to \$1,000,000, owing to the Homestead strike and other troubles.

The Eskimo who were taken to Chicago to be exhibited at the Fair are discontented with their treatment and threaten to throw up their obligation. They claim they are forced to wear heavy fur clothing on warm days.

William E. Curtis has arrived at Washington with the Columbus papers loaned by the Spanish Government for exhibition at the World's Fair. The papers comprise the original documents relating to Columbus' voyages of discovery, his reports to the King and Queen, and his will. The papers are in an iron safe, and are protected by a military guard.

PAID THE DEATH PENALTY.

Only One Shock Was Necessary to Kill Wife-Murderer Hamilton.

James L. Hamilton, the mulatto preacher, who brutally murdered his wife last May, at Flushing, L. I., walked to the death chair in Sing Sing Prison on Monday and was sent to eternity before the last word of the prayer he was mumbling had passed his lips.

It was the most successful execution that has taken place by electricity. Only one shock was given, there was none of the awful reflex muscular action noticed in other cases, there was not a sign on the body of burning, and but two minutes and forty seconds elapsed between the moment the current was turned on and the moment when the last of the ten doctors present listened at his chest and said "he's dead."

State Electrician Davis had a new head electrode prepared for Hamilton and tried a new method of applying the current. He sent 1,740 volts through him for three seconds, 500 for one second and 150 for fifty-six seconds. There was no question in the minds of the witnesses that Hamilton was dead from the instant the current struck him, and not only was the body unscarred but the expression of the face was unchanged. The autopsy proved that Hamilton was a man of exceptional strength and vitality and thickness of skull, so Mr. Davis's new method will probably stand as the most successful ever devised for inflicting the death penalty. His improved electrode covers the whole top of the head, from the forehead to the base of the skull and over both sides of the brain, and distributes the current more evenly.

The physicians all agreed that Hamilton's death was painless and said that killing by electricity under the present method was the most effective and most merciful that the world has ever known.

AN IMPORTANT SESSION.

Brotherhood of Railroad Engineers Enjoined as Conspirators.

Judge Ricks, in the United States Circuit Court at Toledo, Ohio, decided that Engineer Lennon, the Lake Shore engineer, was guilty of contempt of court in refusing to handle freight offered by the Toledo, Ann Arbor & Northern Michigan Railroad. Judge Taft decided in the Ann Arbor injunction case that the Brotherhood of Engineers was a conspiracy against the law, and allowed the temporary injunction against Chief Arthur and his boycott. This decision has aroused intense interest in all labor circles throughout the country, and is of great moment in view of its assertion of Federal power under the Interstate Commerce act.

D. G. Ramsey, Grand Chief of the Order of Railway Telegraphers says: "I have been in consultation with Chief Arthur of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and I can say there is a movement on foot to organize a new railway federation. It will include all classes of railway employees."